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A FACILE PROTECTING GROUP FOR THE SYNTHESIS OF LINEAR FURAND AND PYRANDCOUMARINS

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The occurrence of linear furano and pyranocoumarins (well known for their photodynamic activity) prompted us to devise a facile route for their syntheses. A few syntheses of such system are already known but these involve number of steps and the over all yield is poor. It has been observed that 7-allylor propargyl ethers of coumarins on Claisen migration followed by cyclisation resulted in the formation of angular furano or pyranocoumarins. But if the 8-position is substituted, the corresponding linear furano or pyranocoumarins are obtained. This method could not be used for the synthesis of linear furano or pyranocomarins having the 8-position free. A convenient method has now been developed for the synthesis of such compounds having 8-position blocked by an easily introduceable and removable group like iodide.

Thus, a convenient synthesis of psoralen derivatives viz., 4-methoxypsoralen, 3,4-dimethoxypsoralen (Halkendin), 4,5-dimethoxypsoralen and 3,4,5-trimethoxypsoralen (halfordin) has been carried out. The method consists in iodination of the appropriate 7-hydroxycoumarin to give the corresponding 8-iodocoumarin. Its allylation followed by Claisen migration and final ring closure

resulted in the required linear furanocoumarins. The iodo grop was knocked out during Claisen migration.

Similarly, linear pyranocoumarins, viz., 3,4-dimethoxy-xanthyletin and 3,4,5-trimethoxyxanthyletin have been synthesised by prenylation of the corresponding 7-hydroxy-8-iodocoumarins, followed by Claisen migration, which also resulted in the ring closure.

Using the above method numerous other naturally occurring linear furano and pyranocoumarins have been synthesised.