

## Review

1. When approaching a physics problem split it into 3 steps

- i) Translating the physical situation into a mathematical expression
- ii) applying techniques to solve the mathematical expression
- iii) interpreting your solution.

2. Input - Piecewise[{{function1,range1},{function2, range2},..,{function-N, range-N}},value at other points]

3. Differentiate:       $D[f[x], x]$   
Integrate[  $f[x]$ ,  $x$  ]

## Fractions

$$\frac{1}{x^3 + 1}$$

Avoid:

In[1]:=  $1 / x^3 + 1$

Out[1]=  $1 + \frac{1}{x^3}$

Can do:

In[1]:=  $1 / (x^3 + 1)$

Out[1]=  $\frac{1}{1 + x^3}$

'ctrl' + '/' for  $\frac{1}{\text{fraction}}$

In[2]:=  $\frac{1}{x^3 + 1}$

Out[2]=  $\frac{1}{1 + x^3}$

Here I also used 'ctrl' + '6' to input  $x^3$

## Simplify

```
In[4]:= f[x_] = Integrate[1/(1 + x^3), x]
Out[4]= ArcTan[-1+2 x]/Sqrt[3] + 1/3 Log[1+x] - 1/6 Log[1-x+x^2]
```

```
In[22]:= solution = Dt[f[x], x]
Out[22]= 1/(3(1+x)) - (-1+2x)/(6(1-x+x^2)) + 2/(3(1+1/3(-1+2x)^2))
```

```
In[9]:= Simplify[solution]
Out[9]= 1/(1+x^3)
```

## Additional Information

```
Sin[2 π * n] + Cos[2 π * n]
```

```
Cos[2 n π] + Sin[2 n π]
```

```
Simplify[Sin[2 π * n] + Cos[2 π * n], n ∈ Integers]
```

```
1
```

'esc' el 'esc'

```
ε
```

'esc' p 'esc'

```
π
```

```
π
```

## Summary

1. Simplify[expression]

2. Simplify[ expression, n ∈ Integers]

3. Inputting symbols

a) 'ctrl' + 'l'

b) 'esc' el 'esc'