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# Week 3 - Syntax

## Review

- > Form of plot function is Plot[function, {variable, min, max}]
- > Capital letters of functions
- > Square brackets [ ]
- > 'Shift' and 'enter'

## Operations

+ plus  
- minus  
/ divide  
\*multiply  
^to the power of

## Useful Shortcuts for Greek Letters

'esc' 'letter' 'esc'

$\pi$

$\pi$

$N[\pi]$

3.14159

## Order of Operations

Division:

$x + y / z + w$

$w + x + \frac{y}{z}$

$(w + y) / (z + w)$

$\frac{w + y}{w + z}$

Division and multiplication

$$(x + y) / (z + w) * p$$

$$\frac{p(x + y)}{w + z}$$

$$(x + y) / ((z + w) * p)$$

$$\frac{x + y}{p(w + z)}$$

Raising to the power:

$$y^{x+2}$$

$$2 + y^x$$

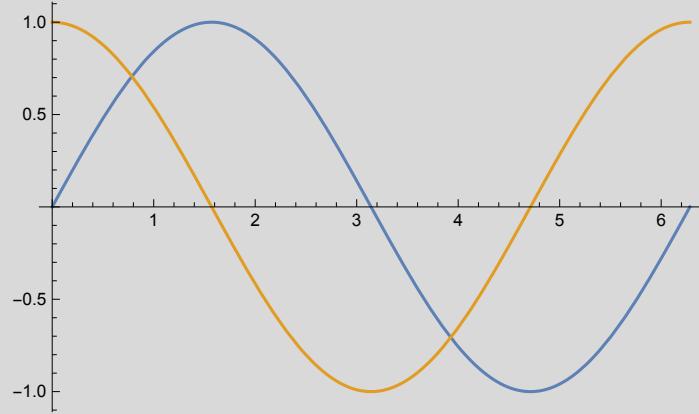
$$y^{(x+2)}$$

$$y^{2+x}$$

## Plotting Multiple Functions

```
Plot[{function1, function2, function3}, {variable, min, max}]
```

```
Plot[{Sin[x], Cos[x]}, {x, 0, 2 π}]
```



```
Plot[Sin[x], Cos[x], {x, 0, 2 π}]
```

Plot::nonopt : Options expected (instead of {x, 0, 2 π}) beyond  
position 2 in Plot[ $\text{Sin}[x]$ ,  $\text{Cos}[x]$ , {x, 0, 2  $\pi$ }]. An option must be a rule or a list of rules. >>

```
Plot[ $\text{Sin}[x]$ ,  $\text{Cos}[x]$ , {x, 0, 2  $\pi$ }]
```

## Using the constant 'e'

```
E
```

```
e
```

```
N[E]
```

```
2.71828
```

```
E^(x^2 + 2)
```

```
E^{2+x^2}
```

```
Exp[x^2 + 2]
```

```
E^{2+x^2}
```

## Summary

- > N[ ] gives the numeric value of a quantity
- > Plot[{function1, function2}, {variable, min, max}]
- > 'esc' 'letter' 'esc' for Greek Letters
- > Be aware of how *Mathematica* interprets your brackets.